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Sonoma Valley Expositor

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VOL. 1. SONOMA, SONOMA COUNTY, CALIFORNIA, APRIL 28, 1899. NO. 15.

Glen Ellen COLUMN.

Society Notices.

N S G W

Glen Ellen Parlor, No. 102, meets on the last Saturday evening in each month at Native Sons' hall.

P H

Glen Ellen Grange, No. 299, meets the 1st and 3d Friday evenings of each month at Native Sons' hall.

W W

Ellenwood Camp, No. 487, meets the 1st and 3d Saturday evenings of each month at Native Son's hall.

Congregational Church.

Rev. A. J. Scott pastor, Services every Sunday at 3:45 p. m. Sunday School at 2:45 p. m.

NICE SWEET MEAT

This place has changed hands and prices are as low as the market will stand.

A. E. GAIGE & SON
BUTCHERS
GLEN ELLEN, CAL.

Run wagons all over the country and will treat you fair and square.

TRY US!

WE buy produce and pay the Highest Cash Prices.

R. B. McCORD
DEALER IN
Groceries AND Produce.

M. K. Cady
GLEN ELLEN.
DEALER IN
Merchandise,
WINES AND LIQUORS.
AGENT FOR
Sonoma County Wines and Brandies.
REAL ESTATE and INSURANCE.

When in Glen Ellen
STOP AT
MERVYN HOTEL

ESTABLISHED 1883.
CHAS. J. POPPE
DEALER IN
General Merchandise
Post-Master and Insurance Agent,
COUNTRY PRODUCE
Bought and Sold.
We originate—Others imitate.
GLEN ELLEN. - - - CAL.

THE ODD FELLOWS' HOME.

The Committee Reports Concerning Advisability of Moving the Home.

The following is an extract from the majority report of the special committee on investigation as published in the California Odd Fellow. This will give those interested in the matter a fair idea as to the conditions existing at the Home.

To the Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F., of the State of California:

Officers and brothers: We your, special committee of investigation of the I. O. O. F. Home, beg leave to report as follows:

We have held three meetings—two at Thermalito and one at San Francisco—have taken the testimony of one hundred and twenty-seven witnesses, and have made as thorough an investigtion as the time and money at our disposal would permit; ever keeping in view the responsibilities placed upon us by the Grand Lodge, viz.:

"To investigate carefully and fully into all matters connected with the health and comfort of the inmates of the Odd Fellows' Home, and the healthfulness and climatic and sanitary conditions of and connected with and surrounding said Home; said committee to report at the next session of this Grand Lodge, making such recommendations as to it seem best, and giving fully and in detail its conclusions and findings, with full tables showing the thermometrical and other conditions of the Home, the health of its inmates, causes of sickness, and every other matter and thing which will enable Grand Lodge to fully understand the healthfulness and climatic and sanitary conditions of the Home and the propriety of continuing the maintenance of the Home in its present location, or of seeking a new location." Grand Lodge Journal, 1898.

LOCATION.

The Home is located in the Sacramento valley at a settlement called Thermalito, one hundred and fifty miles northeast of San Francisco, and one mile in an air line west of the town of Oroville, at an altitude of two hundred and forty feet above the sea level and eighty feet above Feather river. The Home property consists of eighty-five acres of land, divided into five separate tracts, viz:

First—A tract of forty-five acres, upon which the Home and outbuildings are situated; twenty acres of which lies on the bluffs, eighty feet above the river, and the remaining twenty-five acres lies in the river bottom but a few feet above the river; of this about fifteen acres can be utilized.

Second—A tract of twenty acres, two and one-half miles distant from the Home, which was purchased with a view of planting to olives; no improvements have been made thereon, and it is not now used for any purpose.

Third—A tract of ten acres, three-quarters of a mile distant from the Home, which was purchased with a view of being planted to oranges, but no improvements have been made thereon and it is not now used for any purpose.

Fourth— A five acre tract about five hundred yards distant from the Home, which is used as a chicken-yard.

Fifth—A five acre tract, about one mile distant from the Home, purchased for and used as a cemetery.

BUILDINGS.

The Home building faces east and south, and is eighty feet by one hundred and thirty feet, with an "L" twenty-eight feet by one hundred and ten feet; is two stories high, with a large attic, which is utilized for sleeping rooms. It is well furnished, with abundant light, ventilation, closets, bath rooms, etc., all of which are in good condition. There are eighty-eight rooms, most of which are large and airy. All sleeping rooms have outside windows. The building is heated with stoves, and is well lighted throughout with gasoline gas made on the premises. One pleasant feature is a large veranda or porch, fourteen feet wide and three hundred and seventy-five feet long, which furnishes shade and promenade. The protection to the inmates in case of fire by means of fire escapes is not sufficient, but the Trustees are overcoming this as fast as funds at their disposal will permit.

A one-story, seven-room cottage thirty by fifty feet, is situated about two hundred feet to the rear of the main building. This was purchased at a cost of $2250 as a home for the Superintendent, but it is now used as a tailor shop, shoe shop and sleeping rooms for some of the help.

There are two barns, a cow barn forty by fifty feet, with eleven stanchions for cows, and a horse and carriage barn, forty-five feet by forty-five feet, with four stalls for horses. These furnish ample room for all stock vehicles, farming implements, hay and grain needed at the Home.

The laundry is sixteen feet by fifty feet, with an engine room nine feet by twelve feet, and is well provided with modern machinery for laundry purposes and for making the soap required.

A poultry farm with chicken houses, brooder-houses, etc., has been established during the year which is well equipped for such purposes.

LIBRARY.

The Home has a library of upwards of 5000 volumes of standard works, with a fair supply of newspapers and magazines, but there is an absence of more recent publications. Brothers having late books, magazines and periodicals to spare would confer a favor upon the inmates by sending them to the Superintendent.

SANITATION.

The building is provided with water closets, bath rooms and other plumbing sufficient for practical purposes, and is kept in good order and condition; the bath rooms and closets are well ventilated. During the past year the sewers have been extended a greater distance from the building and still further extention is desirable.

COST OF PROPERTY.

The property acquired by gift from the Thermalito Colony Co. is, at a fair value, worth the sum of $15,000. To this the order has added by investment in lands the sum of $4823.16; in buiInings the sum of $26,783.99; in furniture the sum of $5302.81; in live stock and other items, which are in the nature of an investment, the sum of $616.50, making a total investment at the present time (exclusive of cemetery) of $37,526.46, to which must be added the value of the gift property–$15,000–making the total value of the Home property $52,526.46.

SOIL.

The soil of the uplands (all except twenty-five acres in the river bottom) is a red clay, interspersed and underlaid with gravel; it varies from twelve inches to twenty-four inches in depth, is non-productive and sterile, being defficient in lime, potash and phosphoric acid; it is not adapted or suitable for general farming puroses, or the raising of hay, grain, deciduous fruits, berries or vegetabtes, and cannot be successfully used for the growing of those things most needed at the Home, without being strengthened by the addition of strong fertilizers, and loosened by being mixed with large quantities of sand. In a garden patch of two acres, which has had all the stable manure from the barns since the Home was established, and upon which has been dumped many loads of sand from the river bottom, with an unusual amount of labor in cultivation, fair success has been had with vegetables; but nothing can be raised on the uplands without a considerable outlay of money for fertilizers and sand, and the expenditure of an excessive amount of labor in cultivation. That portion of the bottom land that can be utilized (about fifteen acres,) is a sandy slit of debris, from two to ten feet in depth, and is very fertile and productive. It is, however, difficult of access, and, being in the canyon or valley, it gets but little if any breeze; the temperature gets so high that the labor of the inmates cannot be utilized for its cultivation during the spring and summer months without great danger of prostration from heat. This land, being but a few feet above the river bed, is subject to overflow every spring and thus being covered with sediment and drift-wood; hence valuable or permanent improvement cannot be safely made thereon. We may add that it has been overflowed twice since the Home was established.

We are therefore, compelled, though reluctantly, to report that the valley land, by reason of the extreme heat and danger of overflow in the spring, and the uplands from their nonfertility, are not adapted to and cannot be successfully or profitably utilized for the raising of the products needed at the Home. That the upland soil, to be successfully cultivated, must be built up, at a large expense with fertilizer and sand. Citrus fruits, oranges, lemons and olives, when the land is well fertilized, thrive well in that locality, but the possible profits therefrom do not compensate for the difficulties in the way of successfully growing the nesessities of life. Prof. E. W. Hilgard of the Agricultural experiment Station at Berkeley, made an examination of the soil and writes in relation thereto as follows:

"Agricultural Experiment Station, E. W. Hilgred Director, University of California, College of Agriculture.
BERKELEY, CAL., Aug. 18, 1898.

GEO. H. MORRISON, Esq., 142 Phelan Building, San Francisco, Cal.,—Dear Sir: I have examined the samples of soil and sub-soil sent under date of July 27th by Mr. Close of the Themalito Home. I regret to say that the soil, as described and represented by the specimens sent, is not only unfit for tree-growth by reason of its physical nature, being underlaid at such a shallow depth by gravelly sand hardpan; but even vegetables would need extensive fertilization and very careful treatment of the land to be made a success, since what soil there is is very poor in lime and phosphoric acid and not high in potash. It is certainly not a desirable tract to locate an agricultural colony on, or any institution that desires to grow its own supply of vegetables.

I should add that I have seen much better soil samples from Thermalito Colony, and was not aware that any portion of it was so little adapted to agricultural use as indicated by the samples sent. Very respectfully,

E. W. HILGARD."

The samples of the soil submitted to Professor Hilgard were selected by Past Grand M. C. Close strictly in accordance with the rules laid down by Professor Hilgard.

MALARIA.

On our first visit to the Home we took the testimony of sixty-nine of the inmates. Of these forty-three had had malaria at the Home, and twenty-six had been free therefrom. On our second visit, five months later, we took the testimony of forty-eight of the inmates. Of these thirty-six had had malaria since our previous visit, and twelve had been exempt therefrom. The physician at the Home has kept a careful record of all the sickness at the Home, and he reports to us that there have been at the Home, between April 1, 1898, and January 31, 1899, ninety-seven cases of malaria, as follows, viz:

April 4, May 2, June 4, July 9, August 22, September 20, October 19, November 6, December 5, January 6, which afflicted the inmates as follows: One brother had 5 attacks, three brothers had 4 attacks each, thirteen brothers had 2 attacks each, thirty nine brothers had 1 attack each. The total number of inmates afflicted was 61.

Besides these, ex-Superintendent Moll, his wife and daughters; Dr. Kusel, and the resident physician; the cook and his wife, were also afflicted with malaria during the summer.

Dr. Kusel, the resident physician of the Home, testified before the committee that the Home is in a malarious location, and that malaria is very prevalent among the inmates, and would be much more so were it not that the utmost vigilance was used to head of attacks by the use of quinine and other preventatives; that in his opinion this condition might be somewhat overcome by the planting of shade trees, the drainage of the lands and the use of electric fans to decrease the temperature in the building, but that even with these or any other measures that might be taken the malaria could not be completely eradicated.

Dr. Albert E. Osborne, who served as Resident Physician before Dr. Kusel, writes in regard to the Home as follows, viz; "WESTCHESTER, Pa., Jan. 9. 1899.

My Dear Mr. Morrison: In reply to your favor I must say that I cannot too strongly condemn Thermalito as a location for the Home for the aged of the Order. The fact is in great evidence that the heat during the summer months is simply unbearable, and it is the exception to find anyone that will endure it unless absolutely obliged to do so.

Malaria is pronounced, especially during the summer, and there is some during the winter. During my term as Resident Physician at the Home, for malaria I was called upon to treat nearly every resident of the Home.

No one but an eye witness can possibly conceive the sufferings of those helpless brothers and sisters when suffering from an attack of malaria. My heart aches for these, our brothers and sisters, and I am sure it would affect every member of the Order the same if he could but see an aged brother or sister through an attack of malaria, such as they suffer from at the Home. The pain, sickness and wretchedness during the attack, the prostration following, would appeal to the sympathy of every member of the I. O. O. F, and the main object of the Home—peace, comfort and happiness to the old and indigent members—is greatly defeated by this unhealthy and isolated location.

You might say, how account for the low death rate? This, I think, should be credited to Dr. Kusel, the Resident Physician, for his carefulness and prompt and attentive treatment; he being there constantly and treating each case on the appearance of the first symptoms.

In my opinion, there is absolutely no way of eradicating malaria. There are scores of preventatives offered, but the fact remains that the true germ of malaria is not understood outside of the human body; if existing in air, soil or water no one can state positively. Therefore we are helpless to prevent its occurrence; to move and leave it behind is the safest, surest and best policy.

This is from one greatly interested in the welfare and comfort of the old folks, but who cannot see how much comfort can be theirs at Thermalito.

Believe me to be yours very sincerely, A. E. OSBORNE.

As the result of our investigations we cannot do otherwise than report that the Home is located in a malarious district, and one which is, for that reason, not adapted for the Home for aged brothers. We believe, however, that a large part of the malaria is occasioned by the careless and prolific waste of water throughout the colony by irrigators and by leaky pipes, water being allowed to go to waste in all directions, to stand in puddles in all little valleys, sinks and canyons for miles around, thus breeding disease and pestilence on all sides. This could be overcome were proper restrictions placed by the water company upon the use of its water, and by the drainage of the colony through proper drainage ditches and by the drainage of the Home property with an elaborate system of sub-drainage. Whether or not this would reduce the malaria to such an extent as to render the Home habitable could be determined only by experiment.

RECOMMENDATIONS.

We therefore recommend:

First—That there be no more land purchased at Thermalito for any purpose, and no more money be used to make permanent improvements on our present holdings.

Second—That all lands acquired by purchase be placed upon the market and as soon as a reasonable price can be obtained therefor, sold, and the money realized therefor be placed in a special "Home Fund," to be used to purchase a new site.

Third—That the Trustees be instructed to enter into negotiations with the doners of the donated property toward securing an agreement whereby such property may be sold, and the proceeds be used to buy a new site. In event of the Trustees not being able to secure such consent, then as soon as a new Home is established that said tract be rented out in such a manner as to produce the largest possible revenue, which shall be devoted towards maintaining the new Home.

Fourth—That a small annual per capita tax should be collected in the jurisdiction and set aside in a "Special Home Fund," and when said fund accumulates by the sale of property and said tax to the sum of twenty thousand dollars, a site should be purchased at a cost not to exceed said sum, and when the surplus of said sum (if any), together with the addition thereto from the said per capita tax amounts to twenty thousand dollars, a new Home should be erected, the cost not to exceed said sum.

Fifth—That pending the establishment of a new Home the sanitary conditions of the Thermalito Home should be improved by the establishment of sub-drainage on the land adjacent to the main building; all irrigation close to the building should be stopped; shade trees planted on the east and south sides of the building to shade it as much as possible, and prompt and efficient steps should be taken to compel the drainage of the stagnant water on other lands in the vicinity, and the misuse of water by residents of the colony to the detriment of the health of the inmates of the Home should be enjoined, even if resort to the courts be necessary.

Sixth—That the orchard now planted be fertilized and kept in first-class condition, so as to make it more salable, if sold, or more productive if kept and rented.

In making these recommendations we do not wish to be understood as reflecting in the slightest particular on the committee who located the Home at Thermalito. While we believe that the location was an unfortunate one, a reference to the authority of the committee charged with the location will show that they were expected to get something for nothing and that with them it was not a choice of locations, but a choice of those which were offered as a free gift, and that in making the selection they did the very best that could have been done under the circumstances. We feel and believe that if our beloved Order is to maintain a Home it is abundantly able to provide the funds necessary to buy a site and erect a building in all respects adapted to its purposes and that such a course should be pursued.

Fraternally submitted,
SAM F. SMITH }
J. J. LOGGIE } Committee.

H. W. Gottenberg,
DENTIST,
Office in Clewe Building
SONOMA, - - - - - - CAL.

Robert A. Poppe,
Att'y at Law. Notary Public
Office East side of Plaza,
SONOMA, - - - - - CAL.

GEO. BREITENBACH
Harness and Bicycle Goods
Napa St. - - - - Sonoma.

D. M. ESHBACH
PRACTICAL
Watch Maker AND Jeweler
Napa St. Sonoma, Cal.

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FRESH BREAD EVERY DAY.
Choice pies and cakes always on hand at reasonable prices
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First class work done at popular prices and guaranteed.
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DEALER IN

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The best of liquors for medicinal purposes constantly on hand.

SONOMA VALLEY EXPOSITOR.

W R. STAMMERS,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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Address all communications

SONOMA VALLEY EXPOSITOR,
Sonoma, California.

CITY OFFICIAL PAPER.

FRIDAY, APRIL 28, 1899.

SOME heroic work was performed at the Selbourne school fire at San Rafael last Sunday morning by Rudolph and William Lichtenberg who rescued three inmates from the roof of the burning building. The nurse who had two children in her care after finding her escape cut off by the flames, went to the roof with her charge and the two young men secured a ladder which they quickly hoisted. The ladder was by ten feet too short to reach the top of the roof but they managed to reach the children as they were passed over the eves by the nurse, Miss Bloomfield, who lay down on the roof supporting herself by placing her elbows in the gutter at the eves. This was an unusual test of nerve and presence of mind for Miss Bloomfield and William Lichtenberg as they were several feet from the ground, at the top of a three story building. However one life was lost and property to the value ot $40,000 was destroyed. At the time of the fire it was insured for $20,000.

THE objects of the National Horseshoers' Association, which held a preliminary meeting at Santa Rosa last week, have been greatly misconstrued by some who have a habit of jumping at conclusions, and have termed it trust. This is a mistake; it is simply an organization to protect the knights of the forge from bad creditors who make a practice of having their work done for nothing.

ON the front page of this issue we reprint the most important parts of the report of the Odd Fellows' special committee which clearly shows that they will, in all probability, be looking for a new location for their institution. Healdsburg, Merced and several other places are trying to secure the location of the Home, and if we get it our committee will need to do some excellent work.

PROF. WEED's project for the History chair has been favorably considered by the Grand Parlor of Native Sons and a special committee has been appointed to report at the next Grand Parlor. The Native Sons are amply able financially to carry the scheme through and we would be glad to know that the Golden State would more thoroughly preserve her history.

WILLIAM A. SHERMAN has accepted the invitation to read the Declaration of Independence at the Glen Ellen Fourth of July celebration. William is one of the brightest high school boys of the district and we believe the selection is certainly a good one.

Robbed the Grave.

A startling incident of which Mr. John P. Oliver of Philadelphia was the subject, is narrated by him as follows: "I was in a most dreadful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides, no appetite--gradually growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Fortunately a friend advised trying Electric Bitters, and to my great joy and surprise, the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I know they saved my life and robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50 cts., guaranteed, at Ed. Wegner's drug store.

The school trustees have placed a water tank in the school yard from which are five faucets to supply the children with drinking water.

OUR WEEKLY GOSSIP.

FROM THE UPPER END OF THE VALLEY.

Arrangements for the 4th of July Well Under Way.

MR. EDITOR: The different committees having in charge the preparations for the grand celebration at Glen Ellen Park on the coming 4th of July are sparing no efforts to make it in every respect a complete success and the biggest of its kind ever held in this portion of the state. They have received assurance that not only the patriotic residents of all parts of this county will co-operate in making it an event long to be remembered, but also that many visitors will be present from San Francisco and elsewhere. The railroad company will make special rates for the occasion and assist in every way in their power to swell the attendance. The chairmen of the committees are as follows: General arrangements, Felix Murphy; executive, M. K. Cady; finance, N. R. Hansen; music, M. F. Turley; decorations, A. R. Harrison; printing E. C. G. Reid. The order of exercises will be in part as follows: Opening address with prayer by Rev. A. J. Scott, oration by Hon. J. C. Sims, reading of Declaration of Independence by a pupil of Sonoma high school and patriotic music by local talent. These exercises will be followed by a base ball game, tug of war, sack and egg races and dancing in the big pavilion, the affair to terminate with a grand ball in the evening. M. K. Cady of Glen Ellen has been selected as president of the day and the following gentlemen as vice presidents: Schellville, Hon. Rob't. Howe; Sonoma, Rob't. A. Poppe and G. S. Harris; Agua Caliente, Capt. H. E. Boyes; Eldridge, Rob't. P. Hill; Glen Ellen, Joel M. Zane; Bennett Valley, Andrew Peterson; Kenwood, R. H. Simpson. The idea of celebrating our "glorious 4th" at Glen Ellen was first suggested by prominent residents of your own city as they felt confident that the people of Sonoma would be glad to reciprocate one of the many visits which the entire population of our town have in variably paid them on similar occasions, particularly so as our railroad facilities are unequaled and as our park is the finest in the county for such a celebration.

It is reported that the literary controversy between our two popular townsmen has assumed such a violent form that it can only be settled on the gory field of honor, the doctor having already issued a challenge which was promptly accepted by his adversary who selected pistols at the customary twelve paces as the weapons. At the risk of taxing the patience of your readers, I will venture to submit the fragment of the Colonel's poem which particularly aroused the Doctor's indignation,

Our local saw-bones also claims to be a poet,
But he's never written anything to show it.
He should "hang up his horn" and henceforth cease to blow it
For he's no rhymer and his friends all know it.

The many improvements going on at Glen Ellen at the present time are well under way, as the three handsome cottages being erected on Calabases street by Camm & Hedges of Petaluma are rapidly nearing completion and B. D. Alexander, the Kenwood builder, is busy making additions and improvements on the premises of "mine host Harrison" of the Mervyn; while Wildey & Brown have opened a fruit and delicacy store with attractive ice cream parlors on Tokay avenue, which will prove a desirable acquisition to the business portion of the town. It is also reported that Mr. E. M. Gendar, as the representative of a syndicate of English noblemen, has already made the preliminary preparations to start a factory at this point, though the exact nature of the enterprise, of which Lord Belmont is said to be the prime mover, has not yet been divulged to the public.

In speaking of the presistently reiterated statement of the former owner of the defunct News, one of your many subscribers here recently remarked that if it is a fact that "there is a field for only one newspaper in Sonoma Valley," things must be going rather hard with some of your local contemporaries for everybody in this locality takes and reads the EXPOSITOR and will continue to do so as long as it is kept up to its present admirable standard of excellence.

MAURICE RAWSON.

GLEN ELLEN JOTTINGS.

Seen and Heard in the Summer Resort.

Several inches of snow fell on Sonoma mountain last Monday.

The late rains have greatly benefitted growing crops.

T. M. Brown has opened a fruit store in the Harper building.

The three new cottages on Calabases St. are rapidly nearing completion.

P. O. Inspector Culver was in town one day last week on official business.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. J. Poppe visited friends and relatives in San Francisco the past week.

Dr. Crepan of Kenwood will soon establish a drug store and open an office in this place.

Many inquiries are continually made concerning farms for sale and to rent.

B. M. Bones left last Saturday for Salinas as a delegate from Glen Ellen Parlor to the meeting of the Grand Parlor of Native Sons which began last Monday.

Postmaster Poppe has sold his pigs and has gone to raising chicks.

Census Marshal Howell reports 49 children in the district between the ages of 5 and 17.

A new sign adorns the Glen Ellen Fruit Store. H. R. Martens, a Honolulu artist, did the work.

C. Kaselen, who resides on Sonoma mountain is down with a severe attack of la Grippe.

C. H. W. Burning, whose summer resort was formerly known as the White Leghorn Farm, has changed the name to Waldruhe.

Owing to the heavy rains the past week no church services were held last Sunday.

H. R. Martens, who lately returned from Honolulu, states that when the battleship Oregon fired a farewell salute on her way to Manila, it shook the whole island. The effect would have been greater had she turned her guns on the city. We venture to say that our battleship commands respect wherever she goes.

John M. Hendley, who was quite seriously injured by the overturning of his cart one day last week, has at this writing greatly improved.

J. Chauvet is laying new pipe and otherwise improving the water system.

Dr. C. C. O'Donnell was up for several days this week. He will reopen the sanitarium and otherwise improve the place for summer visitors.

The Glen Ellen Grangers are making extensive preparations for their picnic and ball to be held in the park on May 6.

Mr. Cook, our new barber has renovated and neatly fitted up his shop and is now prepared to furnish all customers, including our village blacksmith, with a smooth clean shave at short notice.

"Two Sweethearts of Mine"

Is the title of a new song we have just received from the publishers, the chorus of which we reproduce for our readers.

One has hair of silvry gray
The other just like gold,
One is gay and youthful
While the other's bent and old.
But dearer than life are both to me,
And from neither would I part,
One is my mother, God bless her I love her
And the other is my sweetheart.

This song complete, words and music will be sent to any reader of the EXPOSITOR for 20 cents in silver or stamps, by the Groene Music Publishing Co. 32 E. Fifth Street, Cincinnati, O.

That Throbbing Headache

Would promptly leave you if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for sick and nervous headaches. They make pure blood and strong nerves and build up your health. Easy to take. Try them. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold by Ed Wegner, Druggist.

PERISHED ON THE SEA.

The Remains of Luis Maslin and His Comrads Found at Last.

A few weeks ago we published ao account of the disappearance of Luis Maslin, who with eight others, was blown out to sea off the coast of El Triumpho, Central America.

On December 3d, last, Mr. Maslin with eight others left El Triumpho in an open boat and nothing was heard or seen of them until a short time ago when the boat and the remains were discovered on the beach a few miles above Corinto. After the boat and nine men had been out a few days, friends of the crew became alarmed for their safety and two steamers were sent out to search for them but no trace of the missing craft was found until the horrible discovery at Corinto.

There was evidence to show that the unfortunate men had perished of thirst, hunger and heat at sea, that the boat had drifted ashore and that the bodies had furnished a feast for vultures. Nothing was left in the boat but human bones, hair and rags.

The remains were buried at Corinto, and young Maslin's watch and chain were sent to Salvador, and from there forwarded by a friend to one of the officers of the City of Para to be brought to San Francisco and handed to the young man's father.

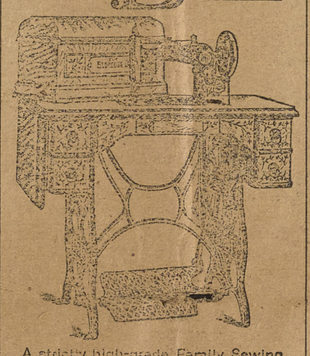
Luis Woodley Maslin was 30 years of age, a graduate of the University of California, and had many friends in this valley and in San Francisco. He left here about six years ago to take charge of a sugar plantation in Gautemala and two years later returned and married Miss Emma Saunders who formerly resided with her parents on the Weckersham ranch. His wife accompanied him back to Central America, but the climate killed her in six weeks. The young man's business affairs prospered, however until the Ezetas fled from Salvador, when he lost $15,000 by their flight. Then he engaged in business at El Triumpho, and was doing fairly well when he went out to death on the ocean.

Notice to Parents.

Having a great many of the school pictures printed up and left on hand I will offer them for sale to all who have not yet secured them for 15 cents apiece or two for 25 cents. All those not having them should secure same at once.

M. C. LONDON,
Photographer, Weyl b'ld'g.

THE ELDREDGE "B"



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Shooting Notices.

We have a lot of notices to hunters printed on cloth, which we are selling quite reasonably.

CHURCH NOTICES.

Catholic Church.

Rev. W. P. Quill Rector. Mass: Sundays, 8:30 a. m. and 10:30 a. m. Sunday school at 9:45. Week days 7:30 a. m:

Congregational Church

Rev. Chas. D. Milliken, Pastor. Services: Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday School at 10 a. m., Chas. Potter, Sup't. Y. P. S. C. E. service at 6:30 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesdays at 7:30 p. m. Junior Endeavor Society meeting, Friday at 3:15 p. m. Ladies' Aid Society meeting, 2nd Thursday in each month. Missionary Society meets 2nd Tuesday in each month.

Methodist Episcopal Church

Rev. E. E. Thompson, Pastor. Preaching every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7:15 p. m. Sunday School at 10 a. m. Prayer meeting on Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. Young People's Society of Epworth League at 6:30 p. m. on Sunday.

LODGE NOTICES.

F & A M

TEMPLE LODGE No. 14 meets in the Masonic Hall on the Tuesday evening on or preceeding the full moon of each month.

I O O F

SONOMA LODGE, No. 28 meets at Odd Fellows' Hall every Saturday evening at 7:30 p. m.

REBEKAH DEGREE LODGE, No. 99 meets in Odd Fellows hall on the second and fourth Thursday evenings of each month.

O E S

VALLEY OF THE MOON CHAPTER, No. 85. meets in the Masonc hall on the Thursday evening on or preceeding the full moon of each month.

A O U W

PUEBLO LODGE No. 168 meets every 1st and 4th Tuesday evenings of each month at Odd Fellows hall.

O C F

SONOMA VINEYARD COUNCIL, No. 162 meets the first and third Friday of each month in Odd Fellows' hall

N S G W

SONOMA PARLOR, No. 111 meets on the first Monday Evening of each month at Odd Fellows' hall.

Y M I

No. 45 meets the first Wednesday evenings in each month in Odd Fellows' hall.

U A O D

SONOMA GROVE, No. 75 meets on the first and third Friday in each month at Odd Fellows hall.

ED. WEGNER

DEALER IN

Drugs, Medicines, AND General Merchandise.

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

American Banner Is the name of the wheels which he is selling. These are guaranteed.

S. W. CORNER PLAZA, SONOMA, CAL.

A. W. WEAVER,

General Blacksmith and Woodworker

Plow Shear Grinding AND Horseshoeing a specialty.

Agent for Peerless Plows.

Shop West Side of Plaza, Sonoma

H. WEYL & SONS

Sonoma Meat Market

Buy only the best

And Supply Their Customers at Reasonable Prices.

Fresh Fish Every Thursday, and

The Best of Dairy Butter Always on Hand.

ALLEJO STREET, - - - - - - - SONOMA.

FINE FOOTWEAR FURNISHED CHEAP FOR CASH AT

SONOMA SHOE STORE

Chas. Dal Poggetto, Prop.

NAPA ST. SONOMA, CAL.

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TO MEMBERS

We have just completed arrangements which enable us to offer to readers of this paper an opportunity to secure, through our Library Club, the latest edition of the best **General Reference Work of Universal Knowledge** at one-half the publishers' prices, and upon the most desirable terms.

The Club will be limited to 50 members, the publishers estimating that that number of sets distributed in this community at introductory prices will, in connection with the publicity of this offer, make the work well and favorably known, and lead to hundreds of sales at regular prices. This great work is the now celebrated **Ridpath's**

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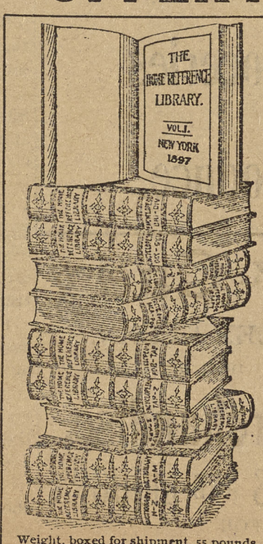

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Each Club Membership will include a full year's subscription to this paper, if a new subscriber; or a renewal for one year from expiration of present subscription, if an old subscriber. Club members may resign within 10 days, and return the books if they are not found as represented, and membership fee will be cheerfully refunded. This offer is made to satisfy critical purchasers who desire to compare the work with older and higher-priced reference books.

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It is the best of all because PRACTICALLY USEFUL as well as the LATEST and MOST SCHOLARLY. It contains over 60,000 Encyclopedic subjects; the Britannica has about 27,000. JUST THINK OF IT! The whole range of human knowledge condensed for your INSTANT USE by world-famous scientists. It is a TIME-SAVER for busy men; a COLLEGE EDUCATION for plodding students; a BRAIN-DEVELOPER for ambitious mechanics; an INEXHAUSTIBLE TREASURE HOUSE OF INFORMATION for each member of every family. It easily takes the place of any dozen other reference books that could be named. It is truly a FAMILY NECESSITY.

AS AN ATLAS.

It presents LATE MAPS (IN COLOR) and charts (nearly 300 of them) delineating every portion of the known world. These are ABSOLUTELY INDISPENSABLE to a proper understanding of recent changes in geographical knowledge.

AS A DICTIONARY.

It is the work of the ripest linguists of modern times. It is an UNABRIDGED etymological, pronouncing, literary, scientific and technical Dictionary of the English language, and is an acknowledged authority both in England and America. It alone comprises nearly 3000 closely printed columns of words and definitions.

AS A GAZETTEER.

It embodies the census statistics for THE ENTIRE WORLD, and hundreds of valuable articles on INDUSTRIAL AND SOCIAL TOPICS, from information elicited by the investigators of the U. S. CENSUS BUREAU.

HOW TO JOIN THE CLUB

Fill out this order blank and send same, with $1.00 as membership fee, to EDITOR OF THIS PAPER. The publishers will then forward you at once a full set of 10 volumes of the Home Reference Library, in any binding you select. The first payment is only $1.00 for any style. Remember this offer is limited to 50, and after the Club is filled the regular prices will prevail. JOIN TO-DAY.

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To the Editor

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Inclosed find $1.00 for membership in the Library Club. Send set to address below. I agree to pay balance in 15 monthly payments.

Name .....
Occupation .....
Address .....

LOCAL BREVITIES.

LATE HAPPENINGS IN OUR COMMUNITY.

Viewings of the Valley Taken at Random.

Al. Faure and Adolph Robin were up to visit our city marshal last Sunday.

Miss May Estes came up from the metropolis and spent Sunday with her mother here.

G. Mascioni of Sears Point was shaking hands with his friends here Tuesday.

Wm. Still of San Francisco was up Sunday looking after his property interests here.

Ed. Gillon Jr. took Monday morning's train for Shasta county where he expects to be gone for several weeks.

Mr. E. I. Meacham was up from San Francisco Saturday, representing Heyneman & Co., wholesale dealers of that city.

Miss Maggie Fouts and her cousin Miss Willis Follen came up from the city last Sunday and spent the day with relatives here.

W. Fields who enlisted in Company, E 14th Regulars a short time ago, sailed last Tuesday for Manila, where he goes to join his company.

Jack Ford was in town the first of the week. Since he has been stationed at the lower Lakeville ranch he does not visit our town so frequently.

H. C. Whiting and wife paid our little city a pleasant visit last Sunday. Mr. Whiting is superintendent of the S. F. N. P. railroad company and came up to look at the valley.

Fred F. Ewel, well known in this valley having been raised here, died in San Francisco last Sunday the 23d, at the age of 34 years. His parents were at one time owners of the Chelini place near here.

Rev. Watry has accepted a call to the pastorate of the Congregational church at Weaverville and expects to leave for that place in about a week to begin his work there. He will leave his family here for the present.

Andy Conlin and Wm. Cunningham were among the visitors from San Francisco to this city Sunday. Mr. Conlin was formerly a resident of Sonoma but is now engaged in running a coal and feed business at 317 Seventh street.

The rainfall for this week's storm was 1.15 inches; for the season up to date 19.25 inches as against 12.25 inches for the same period last year. These are the figures as kindly given us by our Voluntary Weather Observer Rob't Hall.

Capt. H. E. Boyes shipped a large quantity of mineral water from the Agua Rica hot springs to Mr. J. Fitch of Loomis, Placer county. Mr. Fitch is an orange grower of that place and has secured the water for the purpose of demonstrating its merrits.

Next Sunday if the weather permits, Frank Weems and Bert Jones two of our speedy riders will race against time on a tandam bike from Glen Ellen to Sonoma. They are now training and if nothing happens a very low record should be made between the two towns.

Worthy Grand President Samuel Haskins of San Francisco will deliver an address at the entertainment to be given at Union Hall Wednesday evening May 10. F. A. Meyers, District Deputy President of Petaluma will also be present to take part in the exercises. This entertainment is to be given under the auspices of Sonoma Valley Council Y.M.I. and no admission will be charged.

Frank Murphy, of Santa Rosa, California, arrived in Prescott yesterday and will remain here for some time. Mr. Murphy is a nephew of the venerable B. F. Murphy, hence a cousin of President F. M. Murphy, of the S. F. P. & P. railroad and of Governor N. O. Murphey, also of F. M. Plumber. Like the Arizona branch of the Murphy family he is a wide awake enterprising young man having represented his county in the California legislature one term and taken an active part in politics generally there.—Arizona Journal-Miner.

Don't forget baby day at the London Photo Gallery, May 1, 1899.

Otto Van Geldern was visiting relatives here the first of the week.

Marx Levy was up visiting with his many friends here the first of the week.

Richard Jones paid his old friends, Mr. and Mrs. Eshbach, a very pleasant visit last Sunday.

Mrs. G. S. Harris returned from the city Wednesday with little Spencer who is much improved.

Geo. O. Campbell left for San Luis Obispo this week where he will be gone for some time looking after his property there.

Henry Hyde and wife are spending a several days visit at the Home of his father in the eastern part of the valley.

A large stock of whitewash brushes arrived at Weems' Cash Store this week. Price 15 cents up.

Send 2 cent stamp for price list and catalogue of $5 Gem and $3.50 Cyclone Magazine cameras to M. C. London, photographer, Sonoma.

Allen Calif was in town this week looking after the interests of the Santa Rosa Press Democrat. He was at one time a resident of this place with his parents.

Judge Davis of Tulare, has been visiting his brother Dr. H. H. Davis of this place several days the past week. The Judge returned to his home Thursday morning.

The Grangers of Glen Ellen are sparing no pains to make their picnic on May 6th a grand success. They have several good speakers on the program for the celebration.

Wednesday Chas. Hill had his ear severely torn by a vicious horse at the Chase ranch. It was necessary to take several stitches to hold the injured member in place.

It is reported the lake portion of the Fair ranch at Lakeville will be planted to potatoes this year. The land is well adapted to spud raising and a big crop is expected.

Dr. Davis and Marshal Robin are both reported to be greatly improved in health. We hope soon to see these two city officials on the streets following their regular vocations.

P. Baccala, while weeding his garden a few days ago sustained a small scratch on the back of hand from which he is now suffering of blood poison. Having obtained a doctor, he is now improving.

Constable Chas. Ohm visited the Lakeville country Wednesday and reports the crops in that vicinity as being in a first class condition. The vintage crop on the Fair ranch promises to be excellent this year.

Ripe and green olives, 20 cts. per qt. at Weems' Cash Store.

The evening services at the Congregational church for the coming few weeks will be devoted to a course of lectures on the Puritan Sabbath and church life in early New England. The second in the course will be next Sunday April 30.

A. W. Weaver has secured the agency for the Buckeye mower and the New York Champion hay rake. These are two of the best machines of their kind in the market and can be had for the least money. He also has a new line of carts which he is offering at a very low figure.

The C. D. Haven place was robbed again this week. The authorities believe it to be the work of tramps. The Haven family have returned to their place for a while and will try to see that no more robberies are committed. The place suffered from another raid only a short time ago.

While Fred Schell was hauling gravel from the creek bottom a few days ago one of the lines became entangled on a shaft which caused the horse to back into the creek. A lively time then ensued to keep the animal from drowning, which was done through releasing him from the cart. At last accounts the cart was still in the creek.

A FATAL ACCIDENT.

Wm. Holliet Loses His Life at the Electric Power House.

About 5 o'clock Monday evening the citizens of our town were threwn into a stage of excitement by the sudden death Wm. Holliet, engineer at the electric power housewho had been found in the bottom of a tank.

Holliet had been noticed about the place earlier in the afternoon but had disappeared and it being about time to start the plant he was sought for and after searching for some time, was found by Julius Fochetti Jr. who at once summoned his father and help from the blacksmith shop who removed him from the tank. The body was placed on a barrel and rolled in an effort to restore life whil a messenger was sent for a doctor who shortly arrived and pronounced the body lifeless.

Many rumors were in circulation as to the cause of death but as yet no positive solution of the cause has been reached. It seems no one saw the unfortunate man go to the tank, where it is presumed he had gone to draw the night's supply of gasoline for the engine.

The body was removed to the Union Hotel where it was taken care of by Undertakers Clark and Albertson. The coroner was notified and sent word that he would be here the next morning.

Previous to his arrival a jury had been secured who heard the testimony of four witnesses after which they rendered a verdict that deceased was Wm. H. Holliet, a native of San Francisco aged 19 years and met by accidental death from causes unknown to the jury.

Young Holliet had been employed by the light company on the 15th and met his death on the 24th inst. while in their employ. He was a bright young man, of good habits and well liked by all who had made his acquaintance.

Louis S. Holliet a brother of the unfortunate man came up Tuesday morning and accompanied the remains to San Francisco where they will be inturred.

The light company greatly regret the accident and have done all in their power to relieve the distressed family, having volunteered to pay all the funeral expenses.

Interesting Lecture for the Saturday Night Club.

The Saturday Night Club will meet tomorrow, Saturday night, in I. O. O. F. hall at 8 o'clock sharp. Rev. Chas. Milliken will deliver an address at the meeting on "Our Navy." Those who have heard Rev. Milliken speak know there is a rare treat in store for them, as he is a good speaker and well informed upon the subject upon which he is to speak.

At this meeting it is also intended to complete the organization of the club and every young man interested should not fail to be present. There are no dues or assessments in connection with the club, all expenses being paid by donations.

The principal aim of the club is to have lectures on the leading topics and discuss the theme after delivery of such discourse to bring out all points possible to enlighten each one more thoroughly. Remember the admission to these lectures is free and all are welcome.

A Thousand Tongues

Could not express the rapture of Annie E. Springer, of 1125 Howard st., Philadelphia, Pa., when she found that Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption had completely cured her of a hacking cough that had for many years made life a burden. All other remedies and doctors could give her no help, but she says of this royal cure--"it soon removed the pain in my chest and I can now sleep soundly, something I can scarcely remember doing before. I feel like sounding its praises throughout the Universe." So will every one who tries Dr. King's New Discovery for any trouble of the throat, chest or lungs. Price 50 cents and $1.00. Trial bottles free at Ed. Wegner's drug store; every bottle guaranteed.

The members of the Antlers sporting club of Embarcadero enjoyed themselves with their families at their club house last Saturday and Sunday.

Schellville Scratchings.

Chief of Police Conrad, Justice Morris and Alexander Goess, of Alameda, paid our valley an official visit last Sunday. Constable Ohm had these gentlemen in charge and showed them through the township.

Mrs. Nordin has already received several summer guests at her hotel in Agua Caliente.

Messrs Kiser and Reibli are engaged in repairing the fence on the Doyle place along the Petaluma road.

Wm. Hamilton left Thursday morning for Los Angeles where he goes on a business trip.

F. Tait has been shipping hay to the city this week by the schooner Four Sisters.

Mrs. Edwin Lord returned to her home in Embarcadero the first of the week after spending a few days visit with friends in San Francisco.

Mrs. Chas. Gay spent the past week with friends in San Francisco.

Locust Grove school had the pleasure of receiving another visit from Bishop Moreland Monday. Five young ladies, three attending the school, expected last Sunday to receive from his hands the rite of Confirmation in the pretty St. John's church at Petaluma. The stormy weather, greatly to their regret, prevented this and the bishop kindly telephoned on Monday morning that he would be there by noon. He was welcome, and not one of those who knelt before him and heard his earnest address can ever forget it. After confirmation he administered to them and others who desired, the Holy Communion.

Mr. and Mrs. McLure came up from Berkeley and spent Saturday and Sunday visiting the family of O. B. Shaw.

Mrs. J. M. Cheney visited her daughter, Mrs. C. E. Johnson, in San Francisco part of this week.

Wm. Rogers left Monday morning for Winnemucca where he will likely remain for some time.

For lack of space our poultry colum is not printed this week. We will try to make it up next week.

Miss Mamie Stevens, formerly of this place but now of San Francisco, is visiting at Camp Meeker near Occidental.

Services at the Congregational church Sunday morning and evening. The evening subject will be the second in a course of lectures on New England Sabbath and Church life. A general invitation is extended to the public.

CHAS. D. MILLIKEN, Pastor.

DEALING WITH LUMBERMEN.

Peculiar Tricks Indulged In by Both Buyer and Seller.

There is an old retired merchant in Detroit who delights in recalling his experiences when an active man running a general store in one of the northern cities of the lower peninsula.

"I used to reap a harvest when the men were coming out of the woods," he relates. "They were not up in styles, and about any old thing would suit them provided the color was right and the fit even passable. But there were tricksters among them, and I had to have my wits about me in order to keep even with them.

" 'How much is that hat?' asked a strapping six footer, who arrived from camp one day with a pocketful of money.

" 'Two fifty,' I replied.

"Then he informed me that he always had the crowns of his hats punched full of holes in order to keep his head cool and his hair from coming out. I soon had this attended to, and then he asked what the hat was worth. 'Two fifty,' I responded in surprise, but he laughed at me for asking such a price for damaged goods. He had me, and got his hat for $1, while the jolly crowd with him had a laugh at my expense. He wanted to look at some 'fiddles,' and after pricing one at $10 concluded to take it.

" 'Where's the bow?' he asked, as I was doing up the package.

" 'You only bought the fiddle,' I laughed. The others saw the point and laughed too. The giant tried to bluff me, but I kept good humored, and got even on the hat by charging him $1.50 for the bow I not only got even, but the others were so pleased with my 'Yankee trick' that they spent plenty of money with me." Detroit Free Press.

A Frightful Blunder

Will often cause a horrible burn, scald, cut or bruise. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, will kill the pain and promptly heal it. Cures old sores, fever sores, ulcers, boils, felons, corns, all skin eruptions. Best pile cure on earth. Cure guaranteed. Sold by Ed Wegner, Druggist.

Now is the Time.

A rare chance to secure a first class set of books, Encyclopedea, Atlas and Dictionary, the great work of John Clark Ridpath, LL. D., who is one of our best known historical authorities. The work is in ten volumes and is something that will be very useful in every home. A set of these books may be seen at this office.

These works can be had in three different bindings by paying from $1.75 to $2.65 per month.

FREE! FREE!

BABY DAY

ON MAY 1st

AT THE

LONDON PHOTO GALLERY

All babies under 16 months will be taken free of charge between 9 a. m. and 4 p. m.

ON THE ABOVE DAY

I will give one picture of each baby free.

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T. OLIVIERI

Dealer in

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

A full line of

SUMMER GOODS

now on display which he is offering very cheap.

Next door to postoffice.

GENERAL

Delicacy Store.

MRS. F W BIHLER, Prop.

CASH Paid

—FOR—

POULTRY

and

EGGS

Sonoma House Building.

CAMP'S

HOME LAUNDRY

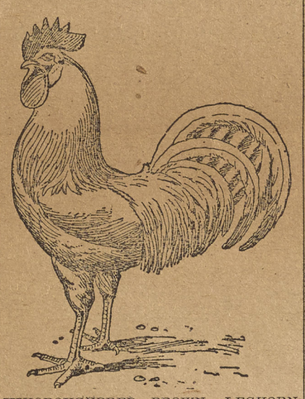
Russia St., Near Broadway, Sonoma, Cal.

—o—

Work Called for, Promptly Executed, and Delivered.

Patronage Respectfully Solicited.

BRANCH OFFICE AT LANDGREBE'S BARBER SHOP.



THOROUGHBRED BROWN LEGHORN eggs 25 cents per dozen in quantities. My stock is extra strain. Parties wishing eggs may leave orders at this office. Yards three-fourths mile west of Cooper Bridge.

JAS. CAMPBELL.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

ESTATE OF PETER G. NORRBOM, ALSO sometimes called Peter G. Nordborn, deceased.

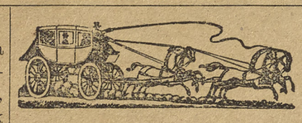
Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, Administratrix of the estate of Peter G. Norrbom, also sometimes called Peter G. Nordborn, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice to the said administratrix at the law office of Robert A. Poppe, on the east side of the Plaza, in Sonoma city, Sonoma county, State of California, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate, in said county of Sonoma.

SARAH T. NORRBOM,

Administratrix of the estate of Peter G. Norrbom, also sometimes called Peter G. Nordborn, deceased.

Dated at Sonoma, Cal., this 24th day of March, 1899.

ROBERT A. POPPE, Attorney for Estate.



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GRANVILLE HARRIS, Proprietor.

We can Give you as fine turnouts as any in the Valley

And at Very Reasonable Rates.

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Nobody will be Disappointed

in our low prices and fine qualities in

SPRING and SUMMER GOODS

SHIRT WAISTS, ORGANDIES, LAWNS, Etc.

To spend money and be happy at the same time trade with

G H HOTZ, Sonoma, Cal.

The Cheapest place in Town

If you Are Looking for Real Bargians We have the

Largest, Best and Cheapest

In the line of Ladies' Men's and Childrens Shoes, Groceries, Clothing, Hats, and furnishing goods at

S. SCHOCKEN

North Side of Plaza, Sonoma, Cal.

Rustic Rockers,

SETTES, FLOWER STANDS, CHILDREN'S CHAIRS, Etc.

BY THE RUSTIC WORKERS

Shop on the John Lutgens place

Address orders to G. Farrar, Sonoma.

California Northwestern Railway Company

LESSEE OF

SANFRANCISCO & NORTH PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Official Time Table.

Leaves Sonoma		From Apr. 16, '99	Arrive Sonoma	
W'k days	Sundays	Destination	Sundays	W'k days
6.18 a. m.	8.10 a. m.	S. F., S. Rafael	10.25 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
2.45 p. m.	3.37 p. m.	intermediates	7.25 p. m.	7.20 p. m.
10.30 a. m.	10.25 a. m.	Glen Ellen	8.10 a. m.	6.18 a. m.
7.20 p. m.	7.25 p. m.	intermediates	3.37 p. m.	2.45 p. m.
6.18 a. m.	8.10 a. m.	Petalu. S. Rosa	10.25 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
2.45 p. m.	3.37 p. m.	intermediates	7.25 p. m.	7.20 p. m.
6.18 a. m.	8.10 a. m.	C'v'le H'ldsb'rg		10.30 a. m.
2.45 p. m.		intermediates.	7.25 p. m.	7.20 p. m.
6.18 a. m.	8.10 a. m.	Ukiak and		10:30 a. m.
2.45 p. m.		intermediates	7.25 p. m.	7.20 p. m.
6.18 a. m.	8.10 a. m.	Sebastapol and	10.25 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
2.45 p. m.	3.37 p. m.	intermediates	7.25 p. m.	7.20 p. m.
6.18 a. m.	8.10 a. m.	Guerneville and		10.30 a. m.
2.45 p. m.		intermediates.	7.25 p. m.	7.20 p. m.

H. C. Whiting, GENERAL MANAGER. R. X. Ryan, GEN. PASS. AGENT.

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Of All Kinds at This Office

Neat and promptly attended to. We pride ourselves on turning out neat work and good stock at

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DAIRY AND CREAMERY.

PROFITABLE FEEDING.

Double Price For Grain Fed to Dairy Cows.

Any farmer would be glad to sell his corn and oats at twice their market value, says The National Stockman, and while this is not possible in the ordinary way of marketing it is perfectly feasible if the grain be fed to a good dairy cow. There are certain conditions necessary to insure this, it is true, but they are not out of the reach of the farmer with small means. Warm stables, plenty of pure water well above freezing temperature, plenty of good wholesome food and kind treatment—these are within the reach of any one who owns one or more cows.

For the first expensive barns are not necessary. Straw stuffed walls are warm and cheap. There are many wind swept cow stables in this land with straw going to waste in the same yard. Building paper is very cheap, but windproof.

Water from a well or spring is a great deal better than ice water for a cow to drink. The latter chills her through and through. A cow ought to drink heartily at least twice a day, yet with a few swallows of ice water she becomes chilled and does not take half so much of such water as of that of a higher temperature.

Where cows are watered from an outdoor tank, a tank heater will be found a very wise instrument. It will pay for itself many times over before it is worn out. All farm animals prefer water with the chill off, and the milk cow will give a greater quantity of milk if this is provided for her. Bank up the tank around the outside and hinge a cover to one side, raising this only long enough for the animals to drink. The warmer the water up to a certain point the more they will consume. On a cold winter morning water of 80 or 90 degrees will be consumed with avidity, although 60 degrees is probably sufficiently warm.

As to the food, we have found wheat bran indispensable. Not only is it unexcelled as a milk producer, but it keeps a cow's system in good order, being cooling and laxative in its action. To go with this one may use ground corn and oats, half and half, the entire ration being composed of one-half bran, one-fourth commeal, one-fourth ground oats. This ration will appeal to the general farmer, but bran fed with gluten meal comprises an equally valuable ration and one not more expensive either. The proportions may be varied from one-fourth to one-third by weight of the gluten.

Farmer Vanderbilt's Bull.

While his brothers Cornelius and William K. are running some of the biggest railroads in the country George

GOLDEN BLAZE.

Vanderbilt is making a record as a skillful farmer in North Carolina. He has just imported a Jersey bull, Golden Blaze, at an expense of $8,000.

What Attracts Boys.

How to keep boys on the farm is as much a question in the south as in the north and west. Speaking of this The Western Agriculturist says: "While scientific agriculture is an inviting field for the farmers' sons, the highest achievement is attained by the breeders of pure bred stock. Note the large number of public sales the past year where $10,000 to $20,000 worth of surplus young stock was sold and the breeding plant retained to keep up the supply of pedigree stock for the regular annual sale. All kinds of pure bred stock are in demand, and nothing will interest the boys like the pedigree stock that sells at good prices. There is a commercial, businesslike fascination about it that will interest the boys and keep them on the farm. Scientific breeding of the improved breeds is a benefit to the community, to the state and to the nation and adds millions of dollars to the wealth of the country and brings prosperity to the farm."

Creamery Buildings and Outfits.

Creamery buildings may be erected in which first class butter may be made for from $500 to $1,000 and equipped with machinery for handling 7,000 to 10,000 pounds of milk per day at a cost of not over $1,500, or an estimated total cost of $2,500 at the outside. In some places $2,000 will establish this plant. Outside of building, the two heaviest items of expense are for separator and engine and boiler. The very best separator may be bought for from $400 to $500, separating from 2,000 to 2,500 pounds of milk per hour. An engine and boiler costing new from $400 to $500 will be necessary. Milk vats holding 600 gallons of milk may be purchased for $50 or less, a cream vat holding 200 gallons for about $35, standard butter worker for $40, churn about $30, with many other items in the way of equipment, mostly in a small way.—Professor C. S. Plumb.

Dairy For Alaska.

William Sanderson, a prominent dairyman of California, has gone to Alaska, where he proposes to establish a dairy, creamery and cheesemaking plant to supply Alaska and the Northwest Territories with fresh dairy products.

CAMEMBERT CHEESE.

Anybody Can Now Make This Famous Product.

The Camembert cheese, a well known article in all French hotels and restaurants, has now begun to find its way into England, Germany and the Scandinavian countries.

The name of this celebrated product is derived from a village in the department of Orne, France, where, during the revolution, a woman, Marie Harel by name, first made it. The method remained a secret until 1813, when the children of Marie Harel became married and set up small factories in different parts of Normandy. At present there is no secrecy about the Camembert cheese. It is made in the following manner:

Immediately after milking, the milk is set in a wooden bucket at a temperature of from 50 to 55 degrees F. In a few hours it is skimmed, whereupon a proper amount of rennet is added. The curd is formed after standing six hours, during which the temperature should be as nearly 90 degrees F. as possible, especially at the beginning. In the home cheese manufacture this is effected by placing a wet cloth over the bucket.

When a curd has been formed, it should be taken out with a skimmer and placed in a cheese mold which stands on a slanting board in order that the whey can drain off completely. In two days the cheese will be ready to leave the form. Each loaf is then salted thoroughly on all sides, whereupon it is left thus for four days, when the drying begins.

In drying this cheese care should be taken that it is placed where the breeze can touch it directly, such as immediately behind the window screens. It must rest upon straw mats and be turned from day to day. In the course of five weeks, when sweating sets in, the so called refining begins. This means that the cheese is placed in a dark, dry cellar without ventilation, and where a temperature of 50 degrees F. is kept as nearly as possible. They must be turned every other day for about a month, and it is then ready for marketing.

This is the salted Camembert. It can be made without salting, but in that case will keep only a short time before decaying.

A good Camembert is quite palatable. But here, as in many other cases, success lies in the touch with which it is done.—J. Christian Bay in Farm and Fireside.

Adulteration.

Ernest Mathews writes as follows in the London Times:

"During the past few years I have tested at various agricultural shows over 850 cows separately for butter production by the churn. At every trial notes were made on the color and quality of the butter produced, and from those notes certain conclusions have forced themselves upon my mind which would not in ordinary course present themselves to those who have not been in the habit of testing their cows individually. One of such conclusions is that butter made from milk containing uniformly large fat globules is invariably of deeper color and of finer quality than that made from milk containing small and irregular sized fat globules. The natural color of butter is affected by various causes, such as the season of the year and injudicious feeding, but it will be almost always found that the paler the butter the poorer the quality. To summarize, color and quality of butter go hand in hand. To color butter artificially, therefore, is a means of passing off an inferior article, although it may not be so intended by the party using the coloring material, and on this ground alone, if the coloring of butter and margarine cannot be equally prohibited, at least such colored produce should be labeled and sold as 'colored.'"

Butter Fat In Private Dairies.

Many dairymen are not aware of the loss there is in butter fat on all farms where cream is raised by setting in ice water, cold water or cold air varying with the season. This loss is likely to be very large in summer and less in winter. This loss, carried on year in and year out, amounts to a large sum when a whole herd is taken into account. The Kansas experiment station has been endeavoring, by a three days' test of a private dairy, to determine how much this loss is. They find that the skimmilk contains from .3 to .7 of 1 per cent of butter fat, or an average of .44 of 1 per cent, while the buttermilk tested 1.1 per cent of butter fat. The herd of five cows tested showed a loss of 129 pounds of butter per year lost in the skimmilk and 31 pounds lost in the buttermilk, a total loss of 160 pounds, or 32 pounds per cow. This, at 20 cents per pound, the price received from private customers, means a loss of $6.40 per cow per annum. The farmer with 20 cows would at this rate save $128 per year by using a farm separator, and we believe this estimate is not far from correct.

Scales Increase Milk Yield.

T. A. Borman of Navarre, Kan., says his cows actually give more milk when there is a pair of scales hanging in the barn. At first thought this may appear ridiculous, but upon a little reflection it is not hard to understand. When a cow gives less milk than usual the record shows it, and an attempt is made to discover the cause and remove it. On the other hand, when the yield is above normal the causes are searched out and if possible the same conditions are supplied to the rest of the herd. But I have not the time to bother with recording each cow's yield, says some one. Here experience comes to our aid and tells us that it takes about 12 seconds to weigh and record a cow's yield, or the milk of five cows can be weighed and recorded in one minute, and the extra pains that a milker will take when keeping a record will more than pay for the time.—Professor D. H. Otis.

J. S. YOUNG

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THE SONOMA VALLEY OFFERS RARE INDUCEMENTS TO ALL HOME-SEEKERS.

Geographical and Geological

Sonoma Valley extends from within a few miles of Santa Rosa on the north to San Pablo Bay on the south, a distance of thirty miles. It is nowhere more than eight miles wide, the average width being five miles. It embraces portions of Petaluma and Huichica Ranchos, and the Agua Caliente and the Los Guilicos Ranchos, the Pueblo, Sonoma. The Valley is separated from Petaluma valley on the west and Napa valley on the east by low ranges of volcanic mountains.

Industries.

The principal industries of the valley are fruit growing, wine making and dairy farming. Here also may be found the most extensive basalt quarries on the Pacific Coast. The wine of Sonoma is famous all over the United States. It commands the highest price, and is more eagerly sought than any other wine produced in California. All Fruits and Grapes are grown

Entirely Without Irrigation.

As a consequence, the Wines and Fruits of Sonoma excel all others for flavor color and bouquet.

Climate and Scenery.

The climate of Sonoma valley is unsurpassed. The fogs which prevail in other portions of the State are here conspicuous for their absence, being shut out by the range of mountains on the west. The intense heat of Summer prevailing on the great plains of Caliiornia, is here tempered by the gentle breezes from the Pacific. The proximity of the ocean also tends to equalize the temperature in Winter, rendering the climate of Sonoma Valley mild, gentle and agreeable. Along the banks of Sonoma Creek may be found some of the prettiest scenery in the state of California. Extensive picnic grounds may be laid out in numberless places along this stream. Sonoma mountain and Bennett peak on the west side of the valley are conspicuous objects to the traveler. Good roads radiating from Sonoma and Glen Ellen to all points of the compass, afford excellent drives and promenades.

Good schools under the management of able and experienced teachers are to be found in Sonoma Valley, affording the best of instruction to the youth of the country.

Historical.

SONOMA is an Indian word and means "Valley of the Moon," and was the name originally given to the beautiful valley from which the County was afterwards named. The tribe of Indians inhabiting the valley were called Cochuyens. On the arrival of the first expedition to establish a mission, the name Sonoma was given to the Chief by Jose Altimira, the priest in charge, and after the Chief, the tribe and the valley they inhabited took the name Sonoma.

To those wishing further information concerning our Town, Valley or Industries may have the same by addressing the SONOMA VALLEY EXPOSITOR.

FRUIT AND FLOWERS

SPRING WORK.

Things to Be Done In the Orchard and Berry Patch.

Pruning can now be done on warm days, and remember never to trim trees when the wood is frozen. A good time to do this work is along toward spring, when the snow is going off. When we have cold nights and warm days, we can go about on the crust and trim the trees, and it is easy then to gather up the cuttings.

Standard pears and cherry trees should be cut back but little, if any, cutting out such branches only as are crowding or those that cross each other.

Apples should be looked over every year, cutting out enough of the top to let the sun's light in. Dwarf pears, plums, and peaches should be cut back severely each year. At least one-half (and better, two-thirds) of the past year's growth should be taken off. Don't be afraid to cut these back as above. I have practiced it for years and get far better results in both tree and fruit than do my neighbors who prune but little. Your trees, when thus cut back, grow stocky and will support their load of fruit without propping—and herein lies the secret of having no "off years' of fruit.

In planting out your berry patch plant as early in the spring as the ground can be worked. Get plants as near home as possible. Raspberry and blackberry roots start very early in the spring, and must therefore be handled with care so as not to break the sprouts that start. If plants are bought at the nursery, they will have a foot or more of the cane on them, but these are left on only for convenience in handling and should be cut off after the plants are set. If left on, the plant will make an effort to produce fruit the first season, which it should not be allowed to do, for by so doing it will weaken the new growth and injure the plant, greatly reducing the next season's crop of berries. Do not make the mistake of setting your plants too close. Give them plenty of room for full development of plant and fruit, says A. A. Halliday of Vermont, whose advice on spring work is here reproduced from American Gardening.

Sweet Peas.

The ground may be easily made too rich for sweet peas. An authority on their culture speaks of complaints made by some persons that their sweet peas grew luxuriantly, but did not bloom, and says, in explanation, that they had used stable manures too freely, and the plants ran to vine. The sweet pea is one of that class of plants (the leguminous) which appropriate nitrogen, and heavy applications of nitrogen are therefore not needed. Another type of complaints was to the effect that young plants died after having made a good growth of several inches. Inquiry revealed the fact that in every case the plants had been frequently watered from a watering pot. Just enough water had been applied to keep the surface of the ground soggy, and the plants had damped off. Plant lovers should remember that one good watering which wets the ground clear down is worth a dozen dribblings. It is rare that a sweet pea bed should be watered oftener than once a week in good soil, and if the seeds are got in early a frequent stirring of the surface soil with hoe or rake is better than watering at all.

Early Muskmelons.

Early melons are obtained by starting the seed in two or three inch pots, or in sods, etc., one plant in a pot; then transplanting into a four inch pot; from these hardening off in a cold

MUSKMELON PLANT READY TO TRANSPLANT.

frame. They are then ready for the garden (see the figure). Professor Rane of New Hampshire has fruited a few varieties in cold frames. The sash was used at first, but was discarded as soon as safe to do so.

Black Fly on Chrysanthemums.

During the season of 1898 our chrysanthemums have been kept practically free from black fly by the use of kerosene and water, says a writer in Gardening.

On the whole this treatment seems to me the most satisfactory of anything I have ever employed against the insect. Kerosene and water do not, as a rule, mix readily, but the mixing can be done under pressure. Our spraying was done with a bucket pump. The kerosene attachment is provided with an index which allows the kerosene to mix with the water in any proportions from 5 to 50 per cent. While perhaps not strictly accurate, the indicator is approximately so and near enough for practical purposes. Fifteen per cent of oil is sufficient for most soft bodied insects, and gave excellent results against the black chrysanthemum aphis. A larger proportion of oil cannot always be used with safety on the more tender plants in foliage. Five per cent failed to destroy the insects, while 15 per cent killed nearly every one, and not a plant was injured.

A Xantippe Outwitted.

An Englishman of Lymington had the misfortune to live in a continuous quarrel with his wife, who was a modern Xantippe and threatened in case she survived him to dance over his grave. It was her lot to outlive him, but it was not so easy to carry out her threat. The husband had the precaution to make an injunction in his will requiring his body to be buried in the sea, near his residence, and without ceremony. The injunction was complied with.

MRS. J. A. POPPE

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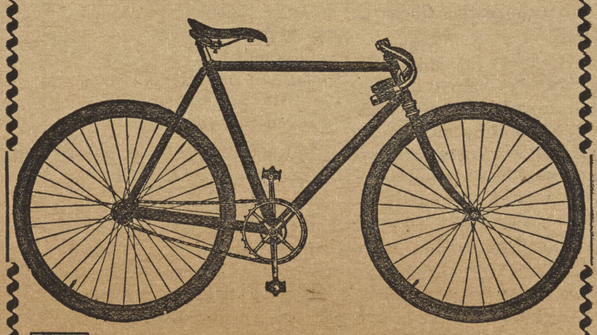

RIDDEN by the professional racer, it has proven a winner oftener than any in competition. Ridden by the non-professional, by the "scorcher," for business or pleasure, it has a record second to none. Material used in its construction, pains-taking care in manufacturing details, ease in running, and handsome, symmetrical design are a few of its claims for superiority. Reasonable prices, coupled with high values, are characteristics of the "WHITE." Our long established reputation guarantees the excellence of our product.

Models A and B	$50.00
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White Sewing Machine Company,
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Iroquois Bicycles $16.75

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IROQUOIS CYCLE WORKS FAILED because their wheels were too expensively built, and we have bought the entire plant at a forced sale at **20 cents on the dollar.** With it we got 400 Model 3 Iroquois Bicycles, finished and complete, **Made to sell at $60.** To advertise our business we have concluded to sell these 400 at just what they stand us, and make the **marvelous offer** of a **Model 3 IROQUOIS BICYCLE** at **$16.75 while they last.** The wheels are strictly up-to-date, famous everywhere for beauty and good quality.

DESCRIPTON The Iroquois Model 3 is too well known to need a detailed description. Shelby 1⅛ in. seamless tubing, improved two-piece crank, detachable sprockets, arch crown, barrel hubs and hanger, 2⅛ in. drop, finest nickel and enamel; colors, black, maroon and coach green; Gents' frames, 22, 24 and 26 in., Ladies' 22 in.; best "Record," guaranteed tires and high-grade equipment throughout. **Our Written Guarantee** with every bicycle.

SEND ONE DOLLAR (or your express agent's guarantee for charges one way) state whether ladies' or gents', color and height of frame wanted, and we will ship C. O. D. for the balance ($15.75 and express charges), subject to examination and approval. If you don't find it the most wonderful Bicycle Offer ever made, send it back at our expense. **ORDER TO-DAY** if you don't want to be disappointed. 50 cents discount for cash in full with order.

WE HAVE BICYCLES A complete line of 1899 Models at **$11.50** and up. Second-hand Wheels $3 to $10. We want **RIDER AGENTS** in every town to represent us. Hundreds earned their bicycle last year. This year we offer wheels and cash for work done for us; also **Free Use** of sample wheel to agents. Write for our liberal proposition. We are known everywhere as the greatest **Exclusive Bicycle House** in the world and are perfectly reliable; we refer to any bank or business house in Chicago, to any express company and to our customers everywhere.

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The Mead Cycle Co. are absolutely reliable and Iroquois Bicycles at $16.75 are wonderful bargains.—Editor.